

Package: homomorpheR (via r-universe)

August 20, 2024

Type Package

Title Homomorphic Computations in R

Version 0.2-5

Date 2022-03-30

VignetteBuilder knitr

URL <http://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR>

BugReports <http://github.com/bnaras/homomorpheR/issues>

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, survival, dplyr, magrittr

Imports R6, gmp, sodium, memoise, digest

Description Homomorphic computations in R for privacy-preserving applications. Currently only the Paillier Scheme is implemented.

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Roxygen list(markdown = TRUE)

RoxygenNote 7.1.2

Encoding UTF-8

Repository <https://bnaras.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/bnaras/homomorpher>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 8cf5cea92c00569e5d99477929bf01d27b3dc755

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homomorpheR

*homomorpheR: Homomorphic computations in R***Description**

homomorpheR is a start at a rudimentary package for homomorphic computations in R. The goal is to collect homomorphic encryption schemes in this package for privacy-preserving distributed computations; for example, applications of the sort implemented in package `distcomp`.

Details

At the moment, only one scheme is implemented, the Paillier scheme. The current implementation makes no pretense at efficiency and also uses direct translations of other implementations, particularly the one in Javascript.

For a quick overview of the features, read the `homomorpheR` vignette by running `vignette("homomorpheR")`.

References

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Homomorphic_encryption
<https://mhe.github.io/jspaillier/>

Examples

```
keys <- PaillierKeyPair$new(1024) # Generate new key pair
encryptAndDecrypt <- function(x) keys$getPrivateKey()$decrypt(keys$pubkey$encrypt(x))
a <- gmp::as.bigz(1273849)
identical(a + 10L, encryptAndDecrypt(a+10L))
x <- lapply(1:100, function(x) random.bigz(nBits = 512))
edx <- lapply(x, encryptAndDecrypt)
identical(x, edx)
```

PaillierKeyPair

*Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits***Description**

Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits

Construct a Paillier public and private key pair given a fixed number of bits

Format

An `R6Class` generator object

Methods

`PaillierKeyPair$getKey()` Return the private key

Public fields

`pubkey` the public key

Methods

Public methods:

- `PaillierKeyPair$new()`
- `PaillierKeyPair$getPrivateKey()`
- `PaillierKeyPair$clone()`

Method new(): Create a new public private key pair with specified number of modulus bits

Usage:

`PaillierKeyPair$new(modulusBits)`

Arguments:

`modulusBits` the number of bits to use

Returns: a `PaillierKeyPair` object

Method getPrivateKey(): Return the private key

Usage:

`PaillierKeyPair$getPrivateKey()`

Returns: the private key

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`PaillierKeyPair$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

[PaillierPublicKey](#) and [PaillierPrivateKey](#)

Examples

```
keys <- PaillierKeyPair$new(1024)
keys$pubkey
keys$getPrivateKey()
```

PaillierPrivateKey	<i>Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key</i>
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Description

Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key
 Construct a Paillier private key with the given secret and a public key

Format

An [R6Class](#) generator object

Public fields

pubkey the public key

Methods

Public methods:

- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$new\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$getLambda\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$decrypt\(\)](#)
- [PaillierPrivateKey\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method new(): Create a new private key with given secret lambda and the public key

Usage:

`PaillierPrivateKey$new(lambda, pubkey)`

Arguments:

lambda the secret

pubkey the public key

Method getLambda(): Return the secret lambda

Usage:

`PaillierPrivateKey$getLambda()`

Returns: lambda

Method decrypt(): Decrypt a message

Usage:

`PaillierPrivateKey$decrypt(c)`

Arguments:

c the message

Returns: the decrypted message

Method `clone()`: The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

`PaillierPrivateKey$clone(deep = FALSE)`

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

`PaillierPublicKey` which goes hand-in-hand with this object

`PaillierPublicKey` *Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.*

Description

Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.

Construct a Paillier public key with the given modulus.

Format

An `R6Class` generator object

Public fields

`bits` the number of bits in the modulus

`n` the modulus

`nSquared` the square of the modulus

`nPlusOne` one more than the modulus

Methods

Public methods:

- `PaillierPublicKey$new()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$encrypt()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$add()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$sub()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$add_real()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$sub_real()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$mult()`
- `PaillierPublicKey$clone()`

Method `new()`: Create a new public key and precompute some internal values for efficiency

Usage:

`PaillierPublicKey$new(bits, n)`

Arguments:

bits number of bits to use
n the modulus to use

Returns: a new PaillierPublicKey object

Method encrypt(): Encrypt a message

Usage:

PaillierPublicKey\$encrypt(m)

Arguments:

m the message

Returns: the encrypted message

Method add(): Add two encrypted messages

Usage:

PaillierPublicKey\$add(a, b)

Arguments:

a a message
b another message

Returns: the sum of a and b

Method sub(): Subtract one encrypted message from another

Usage:

PaillierPublicKey\$sub(a, b)

Arguments:

a a message
b another message

Returns: the difference a - b

Method add_real(): Return the sum a + b of an encrypted real message a, a list consisting of a encrypted integer part (named int) and an encrypted fractional part (named frac), and a real number a using den as denominator in the rational approximation.

Usage:

PaillierPublicKey\$add_real(den, a, b)

Arguments:

den the denominator to use for rational approximations
a the *real* message, a list consisting of the integer and fractional parts named int and frac respectively
b a simple real number

Method sub_real(): Return the difference a - b of an encrypted real message a, a list consisting of a encrypted integer part (named int) and an encrypted fractional part (named frac), and a real number b using den as denominator in the rational approximation.

Usage:

```
PaillierPublicKey$sub_real(den, a, b)
```

Arguments:

den the denominator to use for rational approximations

a the *real* message, a list consisting of the integer and fractional parts named int and frac respectively

b a simple real number

Method mult(): Return the product of two encrypted messages a and b

Usage:

```
PaillierPublicKey$mult(a, b)
```

Arguments:

a a message

b another message

Returns: the product of a and b

Method clone(): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
PaillierPublicKey$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

deep Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

`PaillierPrivateKey` which goes hand-in-hand with this object

random.bigz

Return a random big number using the cryptographically secure random number generator from in the sodium package.

Description

Return a random big number using the cryptographically secure random number generator from in the sodium package.

Usage

```
random.bigz(nBits)
```

Arguments

nBits	the number of bits, which must be a multiple of 8, is not checked for efficiency.
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